

INSTALL TYPES - SLIDING

Sliding panels are generally used to cover a doorway. Their main attraction is their ease of use, and less intrusion into the room when operated than 90° bi-fold shutters. It is very rare that there is enough room inside a window opening to accommodate 2 or more sets of tracks, and therefore sliding panels are not generally applied to a window opening.

Overlapped panels slide in behind one another, similar to a sliding door. There may be both types of panel interaction in a multiple sliding panel configuration. When opened, there will always be at least half the doorway covered by panels, which should be taken into account by the customer if they are looking for an unobstructed view when the doors are open. If this is required the Bifold options are possibly better choices.

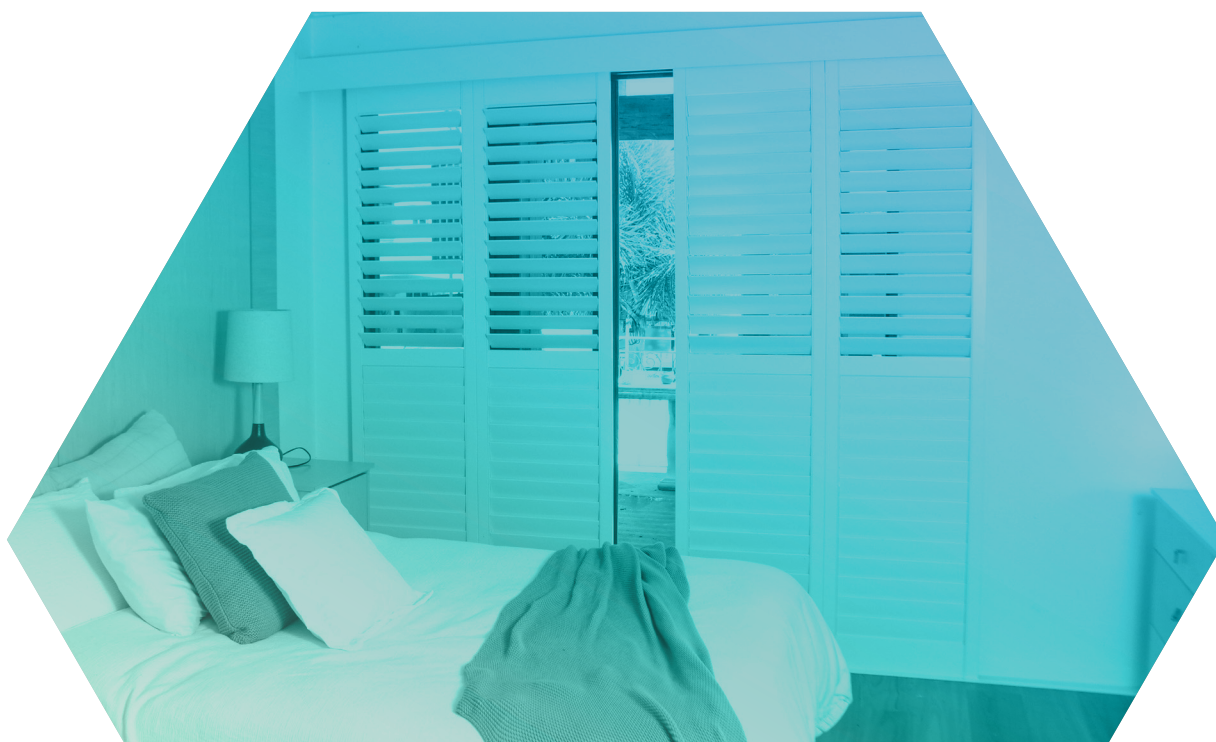
INSPIRE Shutters can be ordered to pass in the open / closed position. Passing in the closed position is recommended to minimise the intrusion of tracking systems into the room. INSPIRE Shutters unlike most companies offer you the “choice” of a bottom board with recessed floor guide or floor tracking.

Same measuring and clearance rules apply on a sliding shutter assure louvre rotation and ensure no cyclone bars or window locks will interfere in the operation of your sliding shutter. Measuring requires the same as for normal hinged panels (i.e. reveal or face fit). Recommended panel width 800mm or less for sliding panels.

There are two options available to operate sliding shutter panels:

Sliding with the louvres in the open position – The panels may pass each other regardless of whether the louvres are open or closed. When both sets of louvres are open you are able to view through both sets of louvres. However, with this option the tracks must be placed further apart. This means that the panels may intrude further into the room, and more indirect light will come into the room.

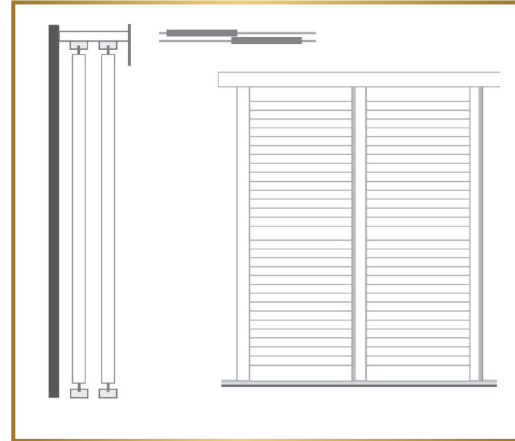
Sliding with the louvres in the closed position - An option is provided for sliding with the louvres closed, to reduce the amount of light entering the room. The panels will be closer and may not intrude as far into the room, but the louvres of the panel must be closed when it passes the adjacent panel, so no view is possible. This issue should be discussed in detail with the customer.



2 PANEL SLIDER

(Face or Reveal Double)

B/F (Back/Front)

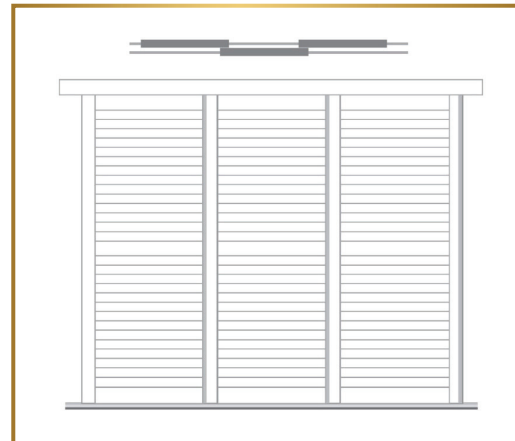


3 PANEL SLIDER

(Face or Reveal Double Track)

2 Track System BFB or FBF

(Back/Front/Back or Front/Back/Front)

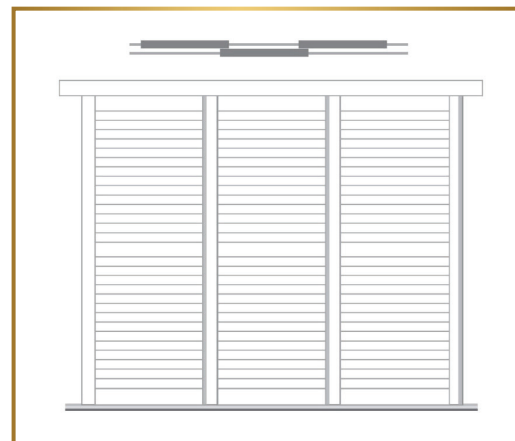


3 PANEL SLIDER

(Face or Reveal Triple Track)

3 Track System BMF

(Back/Mid/Front)



INSTALL TYPES - SLIDING

4 PANEL SLIDER

(Face or Reveal Double)

BFFB

(Back/Front/Front/Back) Option 1



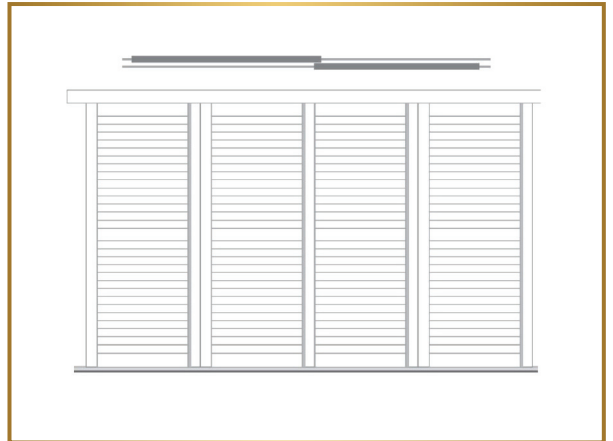
4 PANEL SLIDER

(Face or Reveal Double)

BBFF

(Back/Back/Front/Front) Option 2

Double panels can be co-joined together to move as one.



PANEL 6 PANEL SLIDER 3 TRACK

(Face or Reveal Triple)

BBMMFF

(Back/Back/Mid/Mid/Front/Front)

Double panels can be co-joined together to move as one.

